NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1889,-TEN PAGES.

FIELD AND NAGLE.

EFFECTIVE MEASURES THAT MAY BE TAKEN BY THE FEDERAL AUTHORITIES IN THE CASE. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBENE.]

San Francisco, Aug. 20.-Interest in the Terry tragedy, although nearly a week has possed since the sensational shooting, continues keen here, much discussed. The latest feature of the comprobable indictment of both Justice Field and Negle by the Grand Jury of San Joaquin County Stockton, in order to give the State courts stronger case against the United States juris-The weak point of the State case now is the question of the legality of the action of the Justice of the Peace who issued the warrant for the arrest of Nagle and Field. The Stockton District-Attorney, who insisted upon issuing the warrant for Justice Field's arrest is the chief agent in attempting to get the Grand Jury to present indictments against both the Associate Justice and Marshal Nagle. He has lost his head, being completely under the influence of Judge Turner and other hot-headed pro-Southern friends of Terry. It is intimated here that should these indictments be found and warrants issued for the second arrest of Field and Nagle the United States anthorities will take a hand in the game, and will promptly arrest and imprison District-Attorney White and others who are active in the movement, on the grounds that they are interfering with a Justice of the Supreme Court, and have rendered themselves liable to punishment.

There is no prospect of more than a formal hearing in the case on Thursday, as neither side is ready to argue the important questions of jurisdiction that Nagle's trial will bring up.

John D. Lawson, author of "Lawson's Defence of Crime," who has made a specialty of self-defence in law, furnishes "The Chronicle" with a clear statement of the law on some points of the Terry shooting that have not been brought out before. He says that Justice Field would have been entirely justified, considering the threats made against him, had he pulled a pistol and shot Terry. Nagle's case, he holds, is even stronger than Field's. The other occupants of the eating room were not legally bound to interfere even had Terry killed Justice Field. All could sit quietly and see this crime committed except Nagle. For him, omission to protect Field

would have been a crime for which he could have been tried and punished. He accepted employment to protect Field, and if Terry killed or wounded the Justice, for Nagle there would have been no excuse. The law would have convicted him as a felon, and the community would have branded him as a coward. Lawson ends his strong statement as follows: Justice Field had simply a right to protect himself, but

Nagle's act of defence was both right and a daty. section of the law of self-defence were not applicable to him; he was not attacked; he was not obliged to retreat he wall. On him had been cast no common duty and unfaithfulness would merit no common punishment. When the crisis came was it at all strange he did not parley, appreciating as he must have done that upon him rful moral and legal responsibility for all harm

the United States, the most august tribunal in the words.

Mrs. Terry is expected here to-night. She has
no intention of shooting either Field or Nagle.
She calls Field "the American Jeffries" and declares that the murder of her husband was the
result of a conspiracy between Attorney-General
Miller, Justice Field and Marshal Franks.
Justice Field denounces as "a tissue of malignant falsehoods" the statement made by R. Porter
Ashe at Saratoga that a quarrel between Field
and Terry grew out of Terry's refusal to support
Field for the Presidency.

WELCOME RAINS IN THE NORTHWEST.

FOREST FIRES PUT OUT IN MONTANA AND THE CORN CROP SAVED.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 20.-A heavy rain, general throughout the Territory, fell all Saturday night, and the forest fires which have been raging for the last checked in most places and put others. The fires originated from two causes, lightning and camp ares, and millions of feet of the most valuable lumber in the Territory have been destroyed as well as valuable ranges berned over. Owing to the drouth this has proved an incalculable loss to stockmen, who have in some instances taken their cattle into British possessions, where they are charged a good round sum for grazing privileges.

Sloux Falls, S. D., Aug. 20.-The prayers of South Dakota were answered by a rainstorm Sunday night, the heaviest of the season and the first in over two months. It was accompanied by a heavy wind and hall, which did some damage to small buildings, fruit and grain in some places. Farmers now say corn is and grain in some places. Farmers now say corn is safe for a good crop.

Minneapolis, Aug. 20.—"The Journal's" Duluth dis-

patch says that 2.70 inches of rain fell there last night. The city conduits were insufficient to carry away the water, and at least \$60,000 damage was done, much of which the city will be called upon to pay. Simon Clark, grocer, lost \$10,000; J. Fremuth, dry goods, \$12,000, and "The Evening Herald" \$2,000.

St. Paul. Minn., Aug. 20.-The storm which pre valled in this city last night and this morning was one of the most severe ever experienced here. It was at its worst at about 2:30 a. m., when it am almost to a hurricane. Two inches of water fell between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, and the lightning furnished a constant and vivid illumination. The storm was general throughout this section, in some places kloing considerable klamage. Am acciden caused by an overflowed track caused much delay to caused by an overflowed track caused much delay to people living between the two cities. At Stillwater the lightning killed three horses belonging to John B. Taft and the houses of Messrs. Lohman & Smith's store were struck and considerably damaged. The streets were also badly washed out. At Eau Claire, Wis., lightning struck the large agricultural building on the grounds of the Northwestern Fair Association, destroying the building, together with several thousand bushels of grain and a lot of machinery. The loss is \$6,000; partially insured. Several houses in that vicinity were struck and badly damaged.

TWO YOUNG WOMEN DROWNED.

Belvidere, N. J., Aug. 20.-Maria and Winnie Col-ligan, sisters, of Lambertville, age seventeen and respectively, went boating on the Delawage River last evening with Charles Keller, the bartender at the Union Hotel. The young man rowed out into the middle of the river, where he lost control of the boat, and the three were swept over the falls. Keller clung to the boat and was rescued. The young women were drowned. Their bodies have not been recovered.

LIABILITIES \$355,000; ASSETS \$7,000. Buffalo, Aug. 20.-Gerhard Lang, who was appointed receiver in the matter of the dissolution of Sherman Brothers & Co., limited, has placed his report with the clerk of the Superior Court. The firm is the one through which the recent grain shortage accurred. The document showed that the amount of bills payable was about \$855,000, and that the actual assets were between \$6,000 and \$7,000.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK A CROWDED TRAIN. Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 20.-An attempt was made last night near Rome Chy, forty-eight miles north of this place, to wreck the passenger train on the Grand Rapids and Indiana road. A farmer dis covered two piles of stones and fence rails placed across the track and stopped the train in time to prevent a catastrophe. If the a tempt had been suc-cessful, the loss of life would have been great, as the train was crowded with pleasure sectors.

A CONVICT CUTS HIS THEOAT. Trenton, N. J., Aug. 20.-Austin Myatt, who is serving a ten-year term in the New-Jersey State Prison for the killing of James E. Cavanagh in

THREE LIVES LOST BY A BOILER EXPLOSION Pittsburg, Aug. 20.—The mud-drum of the boller at Gangwisch's Brewery, on Market-st., Allegheny City, exploded with terrific force this afternoon almost wrecking the three-story building. Henry Snyder, an employe, was killed outright and two others, Lizzle Blasco and William Johnston, seriously, but not fatally hurt. The damage will reach \$10,000.

SEEKING THE INDICTMENT OF JUSTICE FOREIGNERS THERE THINK THIS COUNTRY

A BELIEF THAT THE UNITED STATES IS TO GET ST NICOLAS MOLE-THE FINEST HARBOR ALONG THE ISLAND

Port-au-Prince, Aug. 8 (Special).-Admiral Gherardi's flagship, the Kearsarge, returned 2 from a breathing trip the sense of the sense of the sense of the come of the cable station, St. Nicolas Mole, on August and the Ossipee left here at once for kingston, much discussed. And of Nagle's acts is the plications growing out of Nagle's acts is the Jamaica, for coal, and then to pick up American sailors left on a barren island off the coast of Yucatan. Captain Kellogg and his officers are pleased even to make a 1,100-mile trip to a place fully as bad as this, just for a change. Their eight months' stay down here has fitted them to face the worst that can happen; then, too, they may get to Key West, and even get a run up to New-York.

During the stay of the Kearsarge in Gonaives the United States Consul, Mr. Depuis, made the statement that General Hyppolite did not intend to take Port-au-Prince by force of arms, giving as his reason that the city must be destroyed if any such attempt were made, and that the man who did such a thing could never hope to rule over united Hayti. The Consul said that, instead of such a course, Hyppolite was gradually getting the good-will of all the cities by sending able advocates to represent the actual state of the Republic, and that in a short time the capital would be all that remained to Legitime, and his half-hearted supporters then would not hold out long under such conditions and thus a peaceful and bloodless victory would be gained. Mr. Depuis comes from a family long distinguished in Haytian history, having one ancestor who was twice Secretary of State at critical times and enjoyed the honor of being called the only man who could have saved the

Hyppolite's camp, north of the city, is in plain sight from the men-of-war in the harbor and seems to grow daily. His scouting parties have been inside the city, by way of the Portal St. Joseph, but do not seem to have come into contact with the enemy, although a strict watch has been kept. The only killing done lately was when two squads of Legitime's troops going the nightly rounds ran into each other in the dark, got 'rattled," and fired, each thinking that they had met the enemy. Seventeen were killed and boats spent the night about two miles up the coast from the city bombarding Hyppolite's camp,

firing guns at fifteen-minute intervals, but it could not be learned that any damage was done. The firm conviction among all the foreign resi-dents here is that the United States is helping Hyppolite, and that in return St. Nicolas Mole is to be ceded to them as payment. They eling to this idea, although Admiral Gherardi has fre-quently stated that his only object and his instructions from the Navy Department are to simply protect American subjects and their property. St. Nicolas Mole is certainly the finest harbor and the coolest, breeziest place in Hayti. The outer or main harbor is three miles long and about one and a half wide, perfectly protected from any gale that blows in these regions; the water is fairly deep and now beautifully clean, the bottom deep and now beautifully clean, the bottom being plainly seen in twelve fathoms. It was here that General Le Clerc landed with 30,000 French troops in 1802. The Great Napoleon, having secured the peace of Europe, had decided to bring the then empire of Hayti again under his rule, but Toussaint L'Ouverture wisely retreated to the interior and waited for his allies, yellow fever and the climate, to do their work. Some of his enemies say that he helped them by poisoning the water supply waited for his allies, vehow lever and the canality to do their work. Some of his enemies say that he helped them by poisoning the water supply. At any rate, not 5,000 of that splendid army were left at the end of the year. The town is clean enough, because men are away with the army, and the women are industrious enough to keep it that way. The population at present is not over 1,000, and no business is done. All seem to get appear to ent. and money is no object.

The reports of a large number of descritons of fears of contracting yellow fever in Hay whither the vessel is bound, were emphatically denied by the officers of the vessel yesterday. The vessel will possibly get away on Friday or Saturday. As her ab cable to discharge a half dozen apprentice boys and fifteen seamen whose terms of cullstment will expire within the next two months, and nineteen seamen and ten apprentices have been detailed to fill the va-

enough to eat, and money is no object

ROMANCERS IN THE BLACK REPUBLIC.

SENSATIONAL REPORTS NOT TO BE CREDITED. Washington, Aug. 20.-The condition of affairs in Hayti has evidently reached a crisis in the direction pointed out by the special dispatch of The Tribune's prespondent at Port an Prince. Still it is to be noticed that his sober and matter-of-fact dispatch differs somewhat from the romantic-like letter printed by "The Herald," which boldly announced that within the crops, and that endemic disease is now extensively provident. three or four days after the forwarding of that letter urned out so, for, if Hippolyte had entered Port au Prince between the 8th instant-the date of the latest news-and yesterday, the event would have been known here. There is a Spanish steamer which sails regularly from Port an Prince on the 18th of each nonth, and calls at Santiago de Cuba on the 19th. It evident that if such an important event as the fall of Legitime's capital had occurred, the American cable dispatch sent from Santiago, or Admiral Ghirardi would have sent a boat, with a telegram, to be fortime had left by the French transatlantic steamer of the 14th, as intimated in "The Herald's" letter, that would already be known here by a dispatch from Puerto Plato, where the French liner was to call on the 16th instant.

Many exaggerated statements must have slipped under the pen of that correspondent, and if he has been mistaken in regard to a single fact his other assertions cannot well be accepted without criticism. For instance. The Tribune's correspondent does not speak at all of General Dardignae as having been murdered by "a couple of bullets put into his thick skull by one of his own escort," near Yacmel. If this was true, his own soldiers would not have brought back his body to Port au Prince, where he was buried with military honors and amidst a large concourse of the population, on August 5. The report of his death and obsequies is published in "Le Moniteur," the chicial organ of the Haytian Government, in its issue of August 7. The news of the shooting of twelve prisoners by Legitime's order is not confirmed, not even mentioned in the most pessimist correspondence from Port au Prince. Some subordinate officers, or generals, may have bloody instincts, but neither Hippolyte nor Legitime, the latter especially, who is a refined scholar and much of a philosopher, would think of such atrocities. one of his own escort," near Yacmel. If this was

MALIETOA IN SAMOA ONCE MORE.

THE EX-KING WARMLY WELCOMED-THE GER-

MAN CONSUL'S ASSURANCE TO HIM. London, Aug. 20 .- Advices from Apia report the return to Samoa of ex-King Malletoa and other exfles. The ex-King was warmly welcomed by the natives and his own flag was holsted. King Mataafa als greeted Malietoa with cordinity. The German Consul informed Malietoa that he was at liberty to do as he

YACHT RACES AT HAMILTON, ONT. Hamilton, Ont., Aug. 20.—The first contest of the Hamilton carnival yesterday was the races of the

were the Oriole, of Toronto, and Wasp, of Cleve-They sailed a match race for a flag, the Oriole winning by two and one-half minutes. In the race for the fifty-foot class, distance twenty-four miles, the White Wings, of Hamilton, won easily miles, the White Wings, of Hamilton, won easily; Verve, of Chicago, second. In the minor classes the American yachts carried off the main prizes.

The principal feature of the Carnival to-day was the gathering of amateur oarsmen. The course was a mile and a half, straightaway and the water was in perfect condition. The senior four-oared race, in which a foul was claimed, was rowed over, but the result of the contest was not changed, Toronto being declared winner in eleven min. eighteen sec.

The senior single-sculls was taken by D. Donohue, of the Nautilus Club, Hamilton. The junior four-oared race was taken by the Argonauts, of Toronto.

A THUNDERBOLT STRIKES THE EIFFEL TOWER. Paris, Aug. 20, This city was visited by a violent

TO START PORK-PACKING WORKS IN MEXICO. City of Mexico, Aug. 20.-A large business is now eing done in the way of importing American cattle and hogs to this city, and the trade is rapidly increase ing. Fully 500 head of Texas cattle are brought here every month for city consumption alone, and for some time past A. C. Swift, the prominent packer of Chicago and Kansas City, and Dr. Carothers, of San Antonio, Tex., have been bringing here several thousand American hogs monthly. They are no erecting near the yards of the Mexican Central Railroad in this city refrigerating works of large dimer sions, in which the curing, pickling and smoking of hams and bacon will be done. first of its kind ever attempted in the Republic, and for its success several hundred thousand dollars will be invested. Hogs for its supply will be dressed in Kansas City, at Swift's works, and be sent here in refigerator cars. The shipment of dressed steers will not as yet be attempted, but it will soon follow.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AT STRASBURG. Strasburg, Aug. 20.-The Emperor and Empress ar

rived here to-day. They were welcomed at the Borden station by Prince von Hohenlohe, Herr von Puttkammer. the Burgomaster and other high officials. The Emperor inspected the guard of honor, and immediately afterward drove to the palace, escorted by a detach ment of Uhlans. The route was fined by enthusiastic crowds. Later the Emperor received the civil and military officials.

Rome, Aug. 20.-Last evening a spherical bomb ten centimetres in diameter was thrown from the rear of the Chamber of Deputies into the Piazza Colonna during the progress of a concert. The homb exploded wounding seriously six gendarmes and a child. A panic ensued, which was, however, soon quelled and the injured persons were removed to a hospital.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 20.-M. Vyshnegradsky, Minster of Finance, intends to tax the Protestant churches in the Baltic provinces. These churches have hitherto been exempt from taxation. This is one of a series of reforms by which the Government intends thoroughly to Russianize the old Baltic German Institutions and to diminish the influence of the German Protestant clergy.

THE OPENING OF THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER. London, Aug. 20.-In the House of Commons this evening Postmaster-General Raikes, in reply to a question, assured Mr. Healy that there was no warrant in existence authorizing the postal officials to open letters in England or in Ireland, If letters were

CORRUPT FRENCH ARMY OFFICERS PUNISHED. Paris, Aug. 20.-At a meeting of the Ministerial founcil held at the Elysee to-day M. de Freycinet, Minister of War, stated that out of 26,000 officers of the active army, fifty nine had been found guilty of participating in political agitation, and had been dealt with according to the gravity of their offences. He said also that twenty-one non-commissioned officers had been cashiered.

MISS HAWTHORNE'S SUIT AGAINST A. M. PALMER. London, Aug. 20.-Miss Grace Hawthorne's suit against Manager A. M. Palmer, for breach of contract in failing to produce "Theodora" in London, will be tried late in the autumn. Sir Charles Russell and Sir Henry James have received retainers in the case. Dr. Mallory, father of Miss Hawthorne's partner, has been subpocnaed, and will come to London to testify.

THE CZAR HONORING ANTON RUBINSTEIN. elegraphic message to Anton Rubiustela, the Russian planist and composer, congratulating him upon the approaching jubilee of his musical career. The Czar for increased representation in the Democratic State has also sanctioned a public subscription for a testi-monial to the great musician.

MINISTER PORTER TO VISIT GENEVA. Rome, Aug. 20.—Albert G. Porter. United States Minister to Italy, will shortly leave here with his family on a forty days' holiday, which will be spent at Geneva. Consul-General Bourne will assume charge of the consulate here on October 1.

QUELLING THE CRETAN RISING. Constantinople, Aug. 20.-The Porte has decided to increase the forces in Crete to 30,000. Dispatches from Crete report that fifteen insurgent villages sub-mitted to Chakir Pacha, the newly appointed Governor, upon his assuring amnesty to the inhabitants.

ENTERTAINING THE SHAH IN BAVARIA. Munich, Ang. 20.—The Shah was entertained at a dinner this evening by members of the royal family

MR. EDISON TO VISIT THE KRUPP WORKS. Paris, Aug. 20.-Mr. Edison, the famous American electrician, will visit the Krupp Works at Essen, Germany, before the termination of his visit. He will return to America by way of England.

A THREATENED FAMINE IN MONTENEGRO. London, Aug. 20 .- A dispatch from Montenegro says that a famine is threatened, owing to the failure of

PREPARED FOR THE CRONIN TRIAL.

NEW EVIDENCE IN THE CASE IN POSSESSION

OF THE PROSECUTION. Chicago, Aug. 20 (Special).—The State Attorney said to-day that, so far as he was concerned, the trial of the Cronin murderers could begin next Monday. An item of no little interest in the Cronin case is the Minister would have notified his Government by a presence of Frank Agnew in the city. Mr. Agnew's home is in St. Paul, where he is supposed to have received Martin Burke, and to have helped him on toward Winnipeg. Woodruff's heart was gladdened this morning by a visit from his mother and stepfather, Mr. and Mrs. John Black, of San Jose, Cal. who arrived from there this morning, and will remain in Chicago during the trial.

Burke has tired of fall fare, and the mysterious friends who provided him with funds for his fight against extradition in Canada are now trying to keep up his spirits by providing him with three tempting meals each day from the outside.

New evidence in the case is said to have been discovered, to the effect that Iceman O'Sullivan's horses, instead of being in the barn on the night of May 4. were out as late as 9:30, and were tearing about a portion of Lake View, hauling three excited men beportion of Lake View, hauling three excited men behind them in O'Sallivan's lee-wagon. At 0 o'clock, the State asserts, O'Sullivan's horses, covered with foam, were standing in front of a certain Lake View saloon. They were hitched to the lee-wagon. Three men who had driven the team were in the saloon pouring hot brandy down their throats. What they had done as their share in the murder the State is well aware of, but as to who the men are there is said to be some doubt.

TRYING TO SAVE KILRAIN A JOURNEY SOUTH. Baltimore, Aug. 20.-There is an effort being made to obviate the necessity of Kilrain going personally to Mississippi to give ball for his appearance at the next term of court, by getting some reputable citizen of that State to give bonds for him. Owing to the present session expiring on next Saturday, it will be impossible to try Kilrain at this term. If the scheme fails, Kilrain will be forced to accompany Detective Childs South on Thursday. Joseph Whyte, Kilrain's lawyer, is the authority for the above, and is also of opinion that the authorities of Mississippi are not anxious to prosecute Sullivan and Kitrain, but are after the repeat of the Queen and Crescent charter. Detective Childs also said it was not Sullivan and Kitrain the authorities were after, but that they had to get the fighters in order to fight the railroad company.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA. Danvers, Mass., Aug. 20.-Gilman A. Kimball, of Middleton, who was attacked with hydrophobia on Saturday, died quietly last night, having been kept inder the influence of hypodermic injections. Kimball was accidentally scratched on the lip by the teeth of his own dog about three weeks ago. The animal was shot in a fit of hydrophobia some time after. Mr. Kimball was sixty years old, and a member of the firm of J. B. Thomas & Co., box makers.

AN INDIAN OUTBREAK IN MONTANA. Missoula, Mont., Aug. 20.-Information reached here last night that the Indians are again menacing the lives of the whites at Demersville. They have broken into a house and one person has been killed. F. D. Duncan, a justice of the peace at Demersville, has telegraphed Governor White for protection.

THEY INVITE THE LIQUOR DEALERS TO ENTER THEIR CONVENTION.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION TO MEET AT SYRACUSE ON OCTOBER 1-GOSSIP ABOUT CANDIDATES-THE CALL AS DICTATED

LIQUOR DEALERS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Saratoga, Aug. 20.-The "Whiskey Governor" has

BY GOVERNOR HILL-TRYING TO CHAMPION OF THE

which his obedient servants, the Democratic State issued to-night for the holding of the upon the statement that all are invited to the convention who are opposed to inequitable and oppressive dictated by Governor Hill in the Executive Chamber William L. Muller, of the Court of Claims. Mr. Hill and all other Democrats, when they use the term "opestrict the sale of liquor. Mr. Hill, therefore, plainly invites the liquor dealers of the State to send representatives to his convention, "You gave me \$500, 000 last fall to elect myself Governor," he says to the and I will elect a Democratic Legislature, and you

at a sufficiently late date to enable the liquor dealers to think over his offer carefully. Tuesday, October 1. Being held upon a Tuesday, the delegates to the convention will doubtless all start arrive in that city before Mr. Hill's list of candidates for State officers and his party platform, written at Albany, will be submitted to the be little opportunity given to them to consider his down the barriers against the free sale of liquor.

shall have the laws against liquor-selling so relaxe

that practically there will be no restriction on the

Mr. Hill put his whiskey convention

The members of the Democratic State Committee were nearly all in Saratoga by noon to-day. There were also a good many Democratic politicians of note. Lieutenant-Governor Jones, who is a candidate for He is going to speak at a good many county fairs this fall. Governor Hill also intends to speak at fairs, but it is said that in rural communities which are rather old-fashioned in their notions about liquortaxation, economy and how he was able to buy a musical clock for \$800. Then there also came from Albany together a little group of Cleveland men. In this group were District-Attorney Herrick Albany County, Robert A. Maxwell, the Superintendent of the Insurance Department, and Maurice J. Power ess" of the County Democracy of New-York. They all acknowledged that Cleveland was a "retired statesman" and said that they were willing to be friendly with David B. Hill if he was willing to be triendly with them. All had recently had chats with Mr. Hill in Albany and reported that he was in an amiable mood toward them. their friends said they suspected that Mr. Hill was friendly to Herrick, Maxwell and Power, because he hoped for their aid in capturing the Legislature and that then he was likely to discard them as advisers. St. Petersburg, Aug. 10.—The tear has sent a With all other Cleveland men, Mr. Power had good ons for a chat with the Governor, for the purpose Convention, at the expense of the County Democracy. Mr. Power said that he was confident that the Governo would not permit of any reduction in the numbers of the County Democracy delegates, since he was desirous of keeping the Democratic factions in New-York in tions for members of the Legislature. Furthermore, Mr. Power said that Tammany Hall might have the nost votes now, but that it might easily happen that the County Democracy would have the most votes in a few years. The two factions, therefore, ought to have equal representation in the Democratic State Convention The country members of the State Committee listened approvingly to Mr. Power's reasoning, it being their habit to knock together heads of the Democratic factions in fork, and thus rule the State. From present appearances, therefore, Tammany Hall and the County Democracy will have equal power in the Democratic State Convention. Indeed, late today Richard Croker said that Tammany Hall would make no serious attempt to increase its representation.

Another visitor who exhibited a keen interest in the proceedings of his fellow Democrats was Controller Wemple, who said that, desplie his overpayment of \$14,000 to John Snaith, the Assembly ceiling contractor, he was confident of a renomination have weathered worse gales than that," said Mr. Wemple. Other Democrats said to Mr. Wemple consolingly that they still thought he would be nominated. The friends of Attorney-General Tabor were also busy defending him from the attacks of those who said that he should not be nominated, be-cause he has neglected to prosecute in the courts. John Snaith, the Assembly ceiling contractor, although in Juno last he was requested by the Assembly Celling Committee to take this step. Some of the Buffalo Democrats sald that if Tabor was rejected they thought Buffalo should be consoled in manner, and they suggested that Judge Robert C Titus, of the Superior Court, be named for Judge of the Court of Appeals. Mr. Titus, they said, was very popular in Eric County, and might well be nominated to counteract the effect of the nomination, which now seemed likely, of Judge Albert Haight, of Buffalo, by the Republicans for Judge of Mr. Tabor's neglect to prosethe Court of Appeals. cute Snaith, it was said, should be punished just as samuel J. Tilden punished Attorney-General Pratt for not prosecuting the Canal Ring thieves. Mr. Pratt, through the influence of Mr. Tilden, was refused a renomination, and Charles S. Fairchild, who had instituted legal proceedings against the Canal Ring,

was nominated.

The meeting of the Democratic State Committee was held this evening in a hall in the Grand Union Hotel. It lasted just eleven minutes. The programme of Mr. Hill had been received, and there was no reason for delay in carrying it out. Edward Murphy, ir., of Troy, the chairman, called the meeting to order and Charles H. De Freest, the clerk of the committee, called the roll. The roll call showed that the following were present:

1-Cord Meyer, jr.
II-John Deimar.
IV-John McCarty.
V-John Cottier
VI-James J. Slevin.
IX-William P. Mitchell. VI-James L.

VIX-William P. Mitchell.

X-Richard A. Cunningham.

XIII-W. Bourke Cockran.

XIII-Richard Croker.

XIV-Andrew C. Fleids.

XVII-James L. Williams.

XVII-Charles M. Preston.

XVIII-Edward Murphy, jr.,

XIX-D. Cady Herrick.

XX-Cyrus Stewart.

XXI-Gorge S. Weed.

XXII-Danlel G. Griffin.

XXIII-S Mason Smith.

XXIV-Clinton Beckwith

XXVI-Goorge F. O'Nell.

XXVII-William A. Poucher.

XXVII-William I. Muller.

XXVII-William I. Muller.

XXXII-Feber C. Doyle.

XXXII-Poter C. Doyle.

XXXIII-John M. Wiley.

Proxies were presented for

Proxies were presented for absent members as III-W. H. Murtha for James W. Ridgway III-W. H. Murtha for James W. Rugway.
VII-Maurice J. Power for Thomas Costigan.
VIII-Eitward Kearney for John R. Voorhis.
XI-James J. Martin for Hugh J. Grant.
XV-Frank P. Demarest for George W. Welant
XXV-William G. Bench for William B. Kirk.
XXX-F H. Brown for Thomas Brown.
XXXIV-W. H. Henry for Hudson Ansley.

James L. Williams, of Poughkeepsic, who was appointed a State Assessor by Grover Cleveland, then offered a resolution that the convention should be held in Syracuse upon October 1. The Cleveland men were graciously permitted, it will be seen, to offer the resothat time nothing whatever has been seen of near voice was heard in behalf of Saratoga. Swiftly ran on the machine. W. Bourke Cockran offered a resolution that a committee be appointed to draw up the call for the convention. The motion was adopted and Mr. Cockean Ganeral Pater C. Davie, of Buffalo. ution. It was adopted by a unanimous vote. No call for the convention. The motion was adopted and Mr. Cockene, Ganeral Peter C. Davie, of Buffalo,

TERRY'S FOOLISH FRIENDS. THE AMERICAN SHIPS AT HAYTI | Storm to-day. A thunderbolt struck the Effel Tower. | HILL'S OBEDIENT SERVANTS | and William H. Murtha were appointed a committee o draw up the call. The call, as stated above, had already been prepared by Governor Hill, and there Messrs, Cockran, Murtha and only absent from the cor room a moment. They then returned with a type-written copy of the call and it duly adopted. The call, which is an innovation in respect to its direct invitation to the liquor-dealers to attend the convention, is given below.

The Democratic electors of the State of New-York and all other citizens who favor the principles of taxation, economy and retreachment advocated by the Democratic party and who are opposed to inequitable and oppressive sumptuary legislation are invited to elect three delegates from each Assembly District to attend a State Convention to be held at Stratuse on Thesday, October 1, at 1 o'clock moon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers to be voted for at the coming election, and for the transaction of such other business as may probably come before the convention.

It will be observed that there is no reference in the call to the great question of tariff reform promul-gated by Grover Cleveland with such fatal effect to the Democratic party. The Cleveland men did not choose to notice this omission; indeed, they seemed to be relieved that such a dynamite cartridge had been removed from the Democratic magazine.

removed from the Democratic magazine. Then followed a motion that the Democratic State Committee should meet in Syracuse on the evening of September 30. Then the committee adjourned.

Despite the open bid for the support of the liquor dealers in the approaching State campaign, David B. Hill sees that he cannot be nominated for the Presidency as the candidate of the liquor dealers, or, secondly, as the candidate of Tammany Hall. The Democratic party is prity tolerant of candidates with shady political records, but it would not accept Mr. Hill if he were put forward as the representative of either of the influences mentioned. They would be foredoomed to defeat, Mr. Hill, conscious of these facts, is already trimming his political course so as to concean, if possible, his position as the champion of the liquor daters and his indibtedness to Tammany Hall. One of his main motives in deferring the meeting of the Democratic State Convention until early in October is to secure the nomination. the liquor dealers and his indebtedness to Tamany Hall. One of list main motives in deferring a meeting of the Democratic State Convention till early in October is to secure the nomination a candidate to head the Democratic State Light ho will be free from any "entangling alliances" the liquor interest. The poley of four years st of putting a between at the head of the mocratic State ticket is to be abandoned, stead a Democrat well known to be in some other shress than that of liquor dealing will be selected.

Hill at present is thinking rather favorably of edrich Willers, of Romolus, the present Deputy tretary of State. Mr. Willers is a farmer by prosion, and also has the merit of being an efficient bile officer, of being presensed of a German name, d of not having any connection direct or indirect th liquor dealing. Mr. Willers has already once en Secretary of State, having headed the successful mocratic ticket of 1873. He is a modest man and I not push himself for the office of Secretary of the again. Without his knowledge, his friends are w making a canvass in his behalf, and as stated. Hill is looking favorably upon their efforts, being that he can thus in a measure crase his own to the Whishey Governor. As for Tammany II. It has not only can be snubbed by rehishes to state, but by vetoing bells in the Leedslature which Tammany Hall leaders keenly desire to have seen with some ostentation, the Governor's friends ne that Democrats outside of New-York State would not be impression that he was entirely free of the warn's nulleure. One of his main motiv's in det of the Democratic State Conv lone with some ostentation, the Governor's friends argue that Democrats outside of New York State would rain the impression that he was entirely free of the sigwam's influence

MR. VILLARD SUES EX-JUDGE DAVIS.

A CLAIM FOR \$120,000 MET BY A NENIAL OF ANY DEBT-DETAILS KEPT BACK.

A suit has been brought by Henry Villard through Everett P. Wheeler, his counsel, against ex-Judge Noah Davis for \$120,000 and interest, the amount of bonds and stock and other collaterals which it is said Mr. Davis has in his possession belonging to Mr. Villard. The transaction to which they relate took place, it is said, between six and seven years ago. A report was in circulation yesterday to the effect that this transction was the investment of the funds of an est to Mr. Davis had "placed" on the advice of Mr. Villard. At his office yesterday Mr. Davis denied this entirely.

"I never knew anything about this suit until a few weeks ago," he said, "Then I received a notice from Mr. Villard's lawyer saying that he had this claim to collect with interest. I paid no attention to the matter until a day or two ago, when I was served with notice of a suit. don't know anything about such a debt. I don't | The Mayor saw and heard Mr. Belmont, the matter into publicity, but I don't intend to be Babcock's nomination. frightened in such a way."

" Have you ever had any transactions with Mr. Villard?" asked the reporter.

"Yes." was the reply, transaction at the time of the explosion in Oregon and Transcontinental, but that was all settled up six years ago. I never had a suit brought against me before in my life, and this is a most curious one. I shall enter a denial when the proper time comes to the claim that I owe Mr. Villard any-

Mr. Villard was at his office yesterday, but he was so much engaged that he refused to answer inquiries about the matter. At the office of his attorney, Everett P. Wheeler, it was said that they had nothing to make public in regard to the cent.

ANOTHER WOOLLEN MILL CLOSED. Providence, R. I., Aug. 20 (Special).—The assignment of the Phoenix Woollen Company, which has been considered inevitable ever since the failure of Brown, Steese & Clarke, was put on record to-day Joseph Dews was the sole owner of the concern. It had been his custom to issue notes to Brown, Steese & Clarke, and receive wool in return as he needed At the time of the Brown, Steese & Clarke downfall they held Phoenix notes to the amount of \$100. 000. Mr. Dews had received about \$37,000 worth of wool, leaving him \$63,000 short when the crash came. The assignee is William A. Walton, proprieto of the mills at Wood River Junction. The Phoenix Mills are at East Greenwich. They contain thirty seven broad looms, on which fine woollens are made. while the plant is small the goods sell well, and the mills were making \$200 a day. The assets are about \$100,000, and the liabilities perhaps twice that sum. The creditors who are free to act express themselves as friendly to Mr. Dews, and a settlement is expected. While the plant is small the goods sell well, and the

FISH SCARCE IN YELLOWSTONE PARK. Duluth, Aug. 20.-Marshal McDonald, United States Fish Commissioner, arrived here last night from the Pacific Coast. He stated that he found the grayling in the Gallatin River in the Yellowstone Park. ing the fish in the Park makes the fourth place it s known to exist and is a valuable discovery. Mr. McDonald found only three other fish in the Yellow stone Park-the black spotted front, whitefish and buil trout. The black spotted trout is an Asiatic trout which has become abundant in Pacific waters. trout which has become absoluted to Pacific waters, its discovery in the Yellowstone Lake shows that it has travelled over the main divide of the Rocky Mountains, 0,000 feet high. In 1,500 square miles of the Yellowstone Park there is not a lish. Next spring Commissioner McDonald will plant half a dozen kinds of trout there, which will be hatched here.

MURDERED BY TWO BROTHERS. Atlanta, Aug. 20 (Special).—A murder was committed near Athens last night. "Bill" McWhorter went to church and after the services was taking another man's wife home in his buggy. Previous to this he had carried the woman to Macon on an excursion. While on the way home Charles Henry Lester, one being the woman's husband, appeared in the road. One threw a rock at McWhorter and knocked him out of the buggy. The other then cut his throat. The men gave themselves up, saying the killing of McWhorter was justifiable.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH OF A STUDENT. Wolfboro, N. H., Aug. 20.-Alfred Porter, ago nine een, of Dover, a student at Dartmouth College, was shot last night and instantly killed, at Kenniston's Island, near this place. Porter had been camping on the island a few days with two young friends-Herbert E. Towie and Herbert H. Redfield, both of Dover, Last evening Towie was cleaning a revolver, which he supposed was not loaded, when it was discharged, and the ball passed through the tent and struck Porter, killing him.

LOOKING FOR A MISSING WOMAN. Carlisle, Penn., Aug. 20 (Special).-Mrs. Ambrose Knaub left her home on the Hurst farm in Carroll Township, near here, on Sunday morning. Since that time nothing whatever has been seen or heard

PRICE THREE CENTS. MONEY FOR THE BIG FAIR.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETS AND

ORGANIZES. ENTHUSIASM AMONG THE BANKERS AND MER-

CHANTS-JESSE SELIGMAN PROPOSES A PLAN WHICH MANY REGARD WITH FAVOR-

NO DOUBT THE FUNDS WILL

Nearly all of the well-known financiers appointed by Mayor Grant to serve on the Finance Committee of the World's Fair to be held in this city in 1892 were present at the first meeting of in the City Hall has held many assemblages of celebrated men, but probably never before was there gathered there a company representing in their individual possessions so great an amount of wealth. That all but six of the members should attend the first committee meeting was scarcely hoped for, and the fact that so many were present augurs well at the outset for the success of the great project. Financiers gathered together to discuss ways and means usually form an assemblage too conservative for a display of much enthusiasm, yet the interest manifested yest r lay by the members of the Finance Committee fell little short of being enthusiastic.

Jay Gould was the first committeeman to arrive. He was fifteen minutes ahead of time, and he room with his hands clasped behind him, inspecting the portraits on the walls. Then other members came in rapidly, until at 3:30 o'clock all who were expected, and more, had arrived. Mayor Grant came in just on time, and went at once to the desk, upon which he rapped for order. AN IMPORTANT NAME OMITTED BY MISTAKE.

It afforded him great pleasure, the Mayor said, to perform the duty imposed upon him by the General Committee, of calling to order so distinguished a company of gentlemen as composed he said, to explain that the name of a gentleman with whom he was not personally acquainted, but whom he knew as a great financier, had been omitted from the list of members of the Finance Committee by mistake. He referred to J. Pierpont Morgan, whose name was on the Mayor's writing copyist. The Mayor hoped that after the committee had organized it would take such action as seemed fitting under the circumstances. sincerciy regretted the embarrassing error, which, he said, might be corrected by unanimously electing Mr. Morgan a member of the committee.

the roll of the committee, and the following members answered to the call of their names: William L. Bull, Calvin S. Brice, August Belmont, Samuel D. Babcock, Robert Dunlap, Jay Gould, John H. Inman, Morris K. Jesup, Eugene Kellyt Frederick Kurscheedt, John McKesson, Oswald Ottendorfer, William Rockefeller, Charles S. Smith, William Steinway, J. Edward Simmons, Jesse Seligman, Henry B. Hyde and Herman Oelrichs. The absentees were Messrs Huntington, Haveneyer, Mills, Vanderbilt, Shepherd and Morgan. The Mayor said that he had received a telegram from Cornelius Vanderbilt expressing regret at being unable to attend the first meeting of the committee, and promising to be present at its future sessions. The other absentees, who were out of the city, had also sent regrets

Mr. Belmont moved that J. Pierpont Morgan be unanimously elected a member of the committee, and there was a unanimous chorus of "yeas," when the Mayor called for the vote. Nomination for permanent chairman being in order, Mr. Gould nominated Mr. Morgan, but at the same moment Mr. Belmont arose and named Samuel D. Babcock. owe Mr. Villard anything. The whole thing looks neither saw nor heard Mr. Gould, apparently, for very like an effort to scare me, through bringing he at once proceeded to put the question on Mr. Mr. Gould managed to say, "I withdraw Mr. Morgan's name," and the vote on Mr. Babcock's nomination proceeded. As all voted "yea," the Mayor congratulated Mr. Babcock on his election, and that gentleman to

Mr. Rabcock said that he was surprised at the undeserved honor that had been bestowed upon him, of presiding over the deliberations of such body of men, but he felt it to be his duty to accept, which he did, thankfully. He hoped that the work of the committee would be accomblished with the degree of harmony which characterized the deliberations of the recent Centennial Committee on Plan and Scope, on which he had had the honor to serve with Mayor Grant and ex-Mayor Hewitt, and on which there had never been a divided vote.

There was only one nomination for the office of treasurer, that of J. Edward Simmons, who was named by Charles S. Smith, president of the Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Simmons's election was unanimous. Mr. Smith said that the office of secretary of the committee was one of extreme importance, and that it would be necessary to have the place filled by a competent salaried official. He moved that George S. Wilson, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, be elected to the position. Mr. Wilson had been secretary of the Chamber of Commerce for a great many years, Mr. Smith said, and was in every way qualified for the proposed office.

Mr. Belmont said that he realized that the office of secretary of the committee was one of the greatest importance, and for that reason he hoped there would not be too much haste in filling it. It was Mr. Belmont's opinion that an executive committee should be appointed, to which should be left the selection of a secretary.

AN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE CHOSEN. Mr. Simmons thought a secretary should be

chosen at once. The duties of the place would be extremely onerous, and as Mr. Wilson had been secretary of the Chamber of Commerce for so many years there could be no question as to his ability. Mr. Smith conversed in whispers with Mr. Belmont for a moment, and then Mr. Smith withdrew his motion, whereupon Mr. Belmont moved that an executive committee of five members be named by the chairman, to whom should be referred, among other things, the selection of a permanent secretary. The chairman named Messrs. Morgan, Belmont, Vanderbilt, Smith and Inman, and a vote being taken collectively, they were unanimously elected, the result calling forth a generous round of applause. It was also voted that the chairman and treasurer of the Finance Committee be made members of the Executive Committee.

A PLAN SUBMITTED BY MR. SELIGMAN.

Mr. Seligman arose to say that, as the work of organization had been completed by the election of officers and the selection of committees, it would be wise to get to work at once. He had with him, he said, a plan for raising funds with which to carry on the work of the fair. It was a plan that he had carefully considered for many days, and one which had met with favor among those with whom he had discussed it. He would submit the plan as a suggestion, hoping that if it should be adopted it would lead to a successful issue of the World's Fair project. He handed a type-written scroll to Mr. Spier, who acted as temporary secretary, and was requested to read it by the chairman, The document was substantially as follows:

The document was substantially as follows:

The time being so very short that if the city of
New-York contemplates having an Exposition that
will reflect credit not only upon itself, but upon the
entire United States, there should be as little delay
as possible in securing the requisite funds.

The plan for obtaining the necessary funds should
be one that can be taken hold of in only a business
way, and should be so simple that every one can fully
understand it at the first glance.

It is proposed that a company be organized with
authority to issue \$15,000,000 of stock, free from taxs,